

Test Booklet Code

N1

GAJAHA

No.:

This Booklet contains 28 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on OFFICE Copy carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and the Test Booklet contains **200** multiple-choice questions (four options with a single correct answer) from **Physics**, **Chemistry and Biology (Botany and Zoology)**. **50** questions in each subject are divided into **two Sections (A and B)** as per details given below:
 - (a) **Section A** shall consist of **35 (Thirty-five)** Questions in each subject (Question Nos 1 to 35, 51 to 85, 101 to 135 and 151 to 185). All questions are compulsory.
 - (b) **Section B** shall consist of **15** (**Fifteen**) questions in each subject (Question Nos 36 to 50, 86 to 100, 136 to 150 and 186 to 200). In Section B, a candidate needs to **attempt any 10** (**Ten**) questions out of **15** (**Fifteen**) in each subject.

Candidates are advised to read all 15 questions in each subject of Section B before they start attempting the question paper. In the event of a candidate attempting more than ten questions, the first ten questions answered by the candidate shall be evaluated.

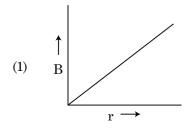
- 3. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, **one** mark will be deducted from the total scores. **The maximum marks are 720.**
- 4. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/marking responses on Answer Sheet.
- 5. Rough work is to be done in the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 6. On completion of the test, the candidate **must hand over the Answer Sheet (ORIGINAL and OFFICE Copy) to the Invigilator** before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 7. The CODE for this Booklet is N1. Make sure that the CODE printed on the Original Copy of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 8. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 9. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 10. Each candidate must show on-demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 11. No candidate, without special permission of the centre Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 12. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign (with time) the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases, where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time, will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an Unfair Means case.
- 13. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 14. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Room/Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per the Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 15. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 16. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

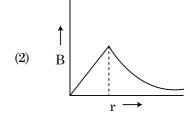
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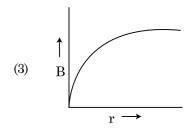


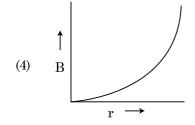
Section - A (Physics)

- 1. A lens of large focal length and large aperture is best suited as an objective of an astronomical telescope since:
 - (1) a large aperture contributes to the quality and visibility of the images.
 - (2) a large area of the objective ensures better light gathering power.
 - (3) a large aperture provides a better resolution.
 - (4) all of the above.
- 2. A thick current carrying cable of radius 'R' carries current 'I' uniformly distributed across its cross-section. The variation of magnetic field B(r) due to the cable with the distance 'r' from the axis of the cable is represented by:









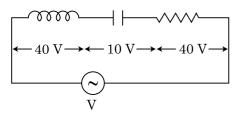
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- 3. A spring is stretched by 5 cm by a force 10 N. The time period of the oscillations when a mass of $2\ kg$ is suspended by it is:
 - (1) 6.28 s
 - (2) 3.14 s
 - (3) 0.628 s
 - $(4) \quad 0.0628 \,\mathrm{s}$
- 4. Water falls from a height of 60 m at the rate of 15 kg/s to operate a turbine. The losses due to frictional force are 10% of the input energy. How much power is generated by the turbine? $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 8.1 kW
 - (2) 12.3 kW
 - (3) 7.0 kW
 - (4) 10.2 kW
- **5.** Polar molecules are the molecules:
 - (1) acquire a dipole moment only in the presence of electric field due to displacement of charges.
 - (2) acquire a dipole moment only when magnetic field is absent.
 - (3) having a permanent electric dipole moment.
 - (4) having zero dipole moment.
- 6. Consider the following **statements** (A) and (B) and identify the **correct** answer.
 - (A) A zener diode is connected in reverse bias, when used as a voltage regulator.
 - (B) The potential barrier of p-n junction lies between $0.1\,\mathrm{V}$ to $0.3\,\mathrm{V}$.
 - (1) (A) and (B) both are incorrect.
 - (2) (A) is correct and (B) is incorrect.
 - (3) **(A)** is incorrect but **(B)** is correct.
 - (4) **(A)** and **(B)** both are correct.



7. An inductor of inductance L, a capacitor of capacitance C and a resistor of resistance 'R' are connected in series to an ac source of potential difference 'V' volts as shown in figure.

Potential difference across L, C and R is 40 V, 10 V and 40 V, respectively. The amplitude of current flowing through LCR series circuit is $10\sqrt{2}$ A. The impedance of the circuit is:



- (1) $5/\sqrt{2} \Omega$
- (2) 4Ω
- (3) 5Ω
- (4) $4\sqrt{2} \Omega$
- 8. The escape velocity from the Earth's surface is v. The escape velocity from the surface of another planet having a radius, four times that of Earth and same mass density is:
 - (1) 2 v
 - (2) 3 v
 - (3) 4 v
 - (4) *v*
- 9. A screw gauge gives the following readings when used to measure the diameter of a wire

Main scale reading: 0 mm

Circular scale reading: 52 divisions

Given that 1 mm on main scale corresponds to 100 divisions on the circular scale. The diameter of the wire from the above data is:

- (1) 0.026 cm
- (2) 0.26 cm
- $(3) \quad 0.052 \text{ cm}$
- (4) 0.52 cm
- 10. A cup of coffee cools from 90°C to 80°C in t minutes, when the room temperature is 20°C. The time taken by a similar cup of coffee to cool from 80°C to 60°C at a room temperature same at 20°C is:
 - (1) $\frac{13}{5}$ t
 - (2) $\frac{10}{13}$ t
 - (3) $\frac{5}{13}$ t
 - (4) $\frac{13}{10}$ t

11. The half-life of a radioactive nuclide is 100 hours. The fraction of original activity that will remain after 150 hours would be:

$$(1) \qquad \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

- (2) $\frac{2}{3}$
- $(3) \qquad \frac{2}{3\sqrt{2}}$
- (4) 1/2

12. The number of photons per second on an average emitted by the source of monochromatic light of wavelength 600 nm, when it delivers the power of 3.3×10^{-3} watt will be: $(h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js})$

- $(1) 10^{17}$
- $(2) 10^{16}$
- $(3) 10^{15}$
- $(4) 10^{18}$

13. A parallel plate capacitor has a uniform electric field $\stackrel{\cdot}{E}$ in the space between the plates. If the distance between the plates is 'd' and the area of each plate is 'A', the energy stored in the capacitor is : $(\epsilon_0 = \text{permittivity of free space})$

- (1) $\varepsilon_0 EAd$
- (2) $\frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2 Ad$
- (3) $\frac{E^2Ad}{\epsilon_0}$
- $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \varepsilon_0 E^2$

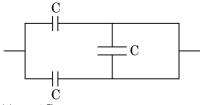
14. If force [F], acceleration [A] and time [T] are chosen as the fundamental physical quantities. Find the dimensions of energy.

- (1) $[F][A][T^2]$
- (2) $[F][A][T^{-1}]$
- (3) $[F][A^{-1}][T]$
- (4) [F] [A] [T]



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15. The equivalent capacitance of the combination shown in the figure is:



- (1)2C
- (2)C/2
- (3)3C/2
- (4)3C

16. A capacitor of capacitance 'C', is connected across an ac source of voltage V, given by

$$V = V_0 \sin \omega t$$

The displacement current between the plates of the capacitor, would then be given by:

- $I_d \!=\! \frac{V_0}{\omega C} \!\cos\!\omega t$ (1)
- $I_d = \frac{V_0}{\omega C} \sin \omega t$
- $$\begin{split} & I_d \!=\! V_0 \, \omega C sin\omega t \\ & I_d \!=\! V_0 \, \omega C cos\omega t \end{split}$$

Column - I

17. In a potentiometer circuit a cell of EMF 1.5 V gives balance point at 36 cm length of wire. If another cell of EMF 2.5 V replaces the first cell, then at what length of the wire, the balance point occurs?

- 21.6 cm(1)
- (2)64 cm
- (3)62 cm
- (4)60 cm

18. Column - I gives certain physical terms associated with flow of current through a metallic conductor. Column - II gives some mathematical relations involving electrical quantities. Column - I and Column - II with appropriate relations.

Column - II

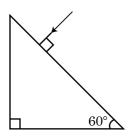
(A) **Drift Velocity** (B) Electrical Resistivity nev_d (C) Relaxation Period (R) (D) **Current Density**

- (1) (A)-(R), (B)-(S), (C)-(Q), (D)-(P)
- (2)(A)-(R), (B)-(P), (C)-(S), (D)-(Q)
- (3)(A)-(R), (B)-(Q), (C)-(S), (D)-(P)
- (4) (A)-(R), (B)-(S), (C)-(P), (D)-(Q)

19. A nucleus with mass number 240 breaks into two fragments each of mass number 120, the binding energy per nucleon of unfragmented nuclei is 7.6 MeV while that of fragments is 8.5 MeV. The total gain in the Binding Energy in the process is:

- $9.4\,\mathrm{MeV}$ (1)
- $804\,\mathrm{MeV}$ (2)
- $216\,\mathrm{MeV}$ (3)
- $0.9\,\mathrm{MeV}$ (4)

20. Find the value of the angle of emergence from the prism. Refractive index of the glass is $\sqrt{3}$.



- (1) 30°
- (2)45°
- 90° (3)
- 60° (4)

If E and G respectively denote energy and gravitational constant, then $\frac{E}{C}$ has the dimensions

- $[M][L^{-1}][T^{-1}]$ (1)
- (2) $[M][L^0][T^0]$
- $[M^2][L^{-2}][T^{-1}]$ (3)
- $[M^2][L^{-1}][T^0]$

22. A small block slides down on a smooth inclined plane, starting from rest at time t=0. Let S_n be the distance travelled by the block in the interval

 $t\!=\!n\!-\!1$ to $t\!=\!n.$ Then, the ratio $\frac{S_n}{S_{n+1}}$ is :

- (1)
- (2)2n-1
- (3)2n-1
- 2n-1 (4)2n



23. Match Column - I and Column - II and choose the correct match from the given choices.

Column - I

Column - II

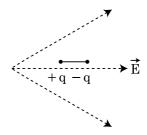
- (A) Root mean square speed of gas molecules
- (P) $\frac{1}{3}$ nm \bar{v}^2
- (B) Pressure exerted (Q) by ideal gas
 - (Q) $\sqrt{\frac{3 \text{ RT}}{\text{M}}}$
- (C) Average kinetic energy (R) $\frac{5}{2}$ RT of a molecule
- (D) Total internal energy (S) $\frac{3}{2}k_BT$ of 1 mole of a diatomic gas
- (1) (A) (Q), (B) (R), (C) (S), (D) (P)
- (2) (A) (Q), (B) (P), (C) (S), (D) (R)
- (3) (A) (R), (B) (Q), (C) (P), (D) (S)
- (4) (A) (R), (B) (P), (C) (S), (D) (Q)
- 24. A radioactive nucleus A_ZX undergoes spontaneous decay in the sequence

 $^{A}_{Z}X \rightarrow_{Z-1}B \rightarrow_{Z-3}C \rightarrow_{Z-2}D$, where Z is the atomic number of element X. The possible decay particles in the sequence are :

- (1) α , β^+ , β^-
- (2) β^+ , α , β^-
- (3) β^- , α , β^+
- (4) α , β^- , β^+
- 25. The effective resistance of a parallel connection that consists of four wires of equal length, equal area of cross-section and same material is $0.25\,\Omega$. What will be the effective resistance if they are connected in series?
 - (1) 0.5Ω
 - (2) 1Ω
 - (3) 4Ω
 - (4) 0.25Ω
- 26. A convex lens 'A' of focal length 20 cm and a concave lens 'B' of focal length 5 cm are kept along the same axis with a distance 'd' between them. If a parallel beam of light falling on 'A' leaves 'B' as a parallel beam, then the distance 'd' in cm will be:
 - (1) 15
 - (2) 50
 - (3) 30
 - (4) 25

27. A particle is released from height S from the surface of the Earth. At a certain height its kinetic energy is three times its potential energy. The height from the surface of earth and the speed of the particle at that instant are respectively:

- $(1) \qquad \frac{S}{4}, \ \frac{\sqrt{3gS}}{2}$
- $(2) \qquad \frac{S}{2}, \ \frac{\sqrt{3gS}}{2}$
- (3) $\frac{S}{4}$, $\sqrt{\frac{3gS}{2}}$
- (4) $\frac{S}{4}$, $\frac{3gS}{2}$
- **28.** A dipole is placed in an electric field as shown. In which direction will it move?



- (1) towards the right as its potential energy will decrease.
- (2) towards the left as its potential energy will decrease.
- (3) towards the right as its potential energy will increase.
- (4) towards the left as its potential energy will increase.
- 29. Two charged spherical conductors of radius R_1 and R_2 are connected by a wire. Then the ratio of surface charge densities of the spheres (σ_1/σ_2) is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{R_2}{R_1}$
 - (2) $\sqrt{\frac{R_1}{R_2}}$
 - (3) $\frac{R_1^2}{R_2^2}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{R_1}{R_2}$

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30. A body is executing simple harmonic motion with frequency 'n', the frequency of its potential energy is:

- (1) 2n
- (2) 3n
- (3) 4n
- (4) n

31. The velocity of a small ball of mass M and density d, when dropped in a container filled with glycerine becomes constant after some time. If the density

of glycerine is $\frac{d}{2}$, then the viscous force acting on the ball will be:

- (1) Mg
- $(2) \qquad \frac{3}{2} Mg$
- (3) 2Mg
- $(4) \qquad \frac{\text{Mg}}{2}$

32. An electromagnetic wave of wavelength ' λ ' is incident on a photosensitive surface of negligible work function. If 'm' mass is of photoelectron emitted from the surface has de-Broglie wavelength λ_d , then :

- $(1) \qquad \lambda_{\rm d} = \left(\frac{2mc}{h}\right) \lambda^2$
- (2) $\lambda = \left(\frac{2mc}{h}\right) \lambda_d^2$
- (3) $\lambda = \left(\frac{2h}{mc}\right) \lambda_d^2$
- (4) $\lambda = \left(\frac{2m}{hc}\right) \lambda_d^2$

33. For a plane electromagnetic wave propagating in *x*-direction, which one of the following combination gives the correct possible directions for electric field (E) and magnetic field (B) respectively?

- $(1) \qquad -\hat{j} + \hat{k}, \ -\hat{j} \hat{k}$
- (2) $\stackrel{\wedge}{j} + \stackrel{\wedge}{k}, -\stackrel{\wedge}{j} \stackrel{\wedge}{k}$
- $(3) \qquad -\stackrel{\wedge}{j} + \stackrel{\wedge}{k}, -\stackrel{\wedge}{j} + \stackrel{\wedge}{k}$
- $(4) \qquad \stackrel{\wedge}{j} + \stackrel{\wedge}{k}, \quad \stackrel{\wedge}{j} + \stackrel{\wedge}{k}$

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34. An infinitely long straight conductor carries a current of 5 A as shown. An electron is moving with a speed of 10^5 m/s parallel to the conductor. The perpendicular distance between the electron and the conductor is 20 cm at an instant. Calculate the magnitude of the force experienced by the electron at that instant.

Electron $v = 10^5 \text{ m/s}$ 20 cm $P \qquad 5 \text{ A } Q$

- (1) $8\pi \times 10^{-20} \text{ N}$
- (2) $4\pi \times 10^{-20} \text{ N}$
- (3) $8 \times 10^{-20} \text{ N}$
- (4) $4 \times 10^{-20} \,\mathrm{N}$

35. The electron concentration in an n-type semiconductor is the same as hole concentration in a p-type semiconductor. An external field (electric) is applied across each of them. Compare the currents in them.

- (1) current in p-type > current in n-type.
- (2) current in n-type > current in p-type.
- (3) No current will flow in p-type, current will only flow in n-type.
- (4) current in n-type = current in p-type.

Section - B (Physics)

36. A particle moving in a circle of radius R with a uniform speed takes a time T to complete one revolution.

If this particle were projected with the same speed at an angle ' θ ' to the horizontal, the maximum height attained by it equals 4R. The angle of projection, θ , is then given by :

(1)
$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\pi^2 R}{gT^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

(2)
$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\pi^2 R}{g T^2} \right)^{1/2}$$

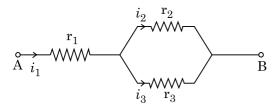
(3)
$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2gT^2}{\pi^2 R} \right)^{1/2}$$

(4)
$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{gT^2}{\pi^2 R} \right)^{1/2}$$



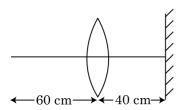
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37. Three resistors having resistances r_1 , r_2 and r_3 are connected as shown in the given circuit. The ratio $\frac{i_3}{i_1}$ of currents in terms of resistances used in the circuit is:



- $(1) \qquad \frac{r_2}{r_2 + r_3}$
- (2) $\frac{r_1}{r_1 + r_2}$
- (3) $\frac{r_2}{r_1 + r_3}$
- (4) $\frac{r_1}{r_2 + r_3}$

38. A point object is placed at a distance of 60 cm from a convex lens of focal length 30 cm. If a plane mirror were put perpendicular to the principal axis of the lens and at a distance of 40 cm from it, the final image would be formed at a distance of:

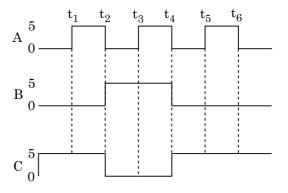


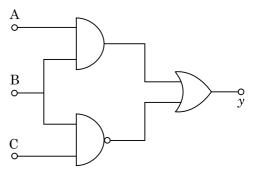
- (1) 30 cm from the lens, it would be a real image.
- (2) 30 cm from the plane mirror, it would be a virtual image.
- (3) 20 cm from the plane mirror, it would be a virtual image.
- (4) 20 cm from the lens, it would be a real image.
- **39.** A uniform conducting wire of length 12a and resistance 'R' is wound up as a current carrying coil in the shape of,
 - (i) an equilateral triangle of side 'a'.
 - (ii) a square of side 'a'.

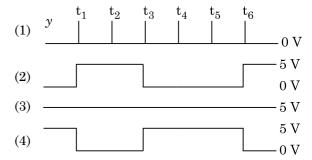
The magnetic dipole moments of the coil in each case respectively are:

- (1) $3 \operatorname{Ia}^2$ and Ia^2
- (2) $3 \operatorname{Ia}^2$ and $4 \operatorname{Ia}^2$
- (3) $4 \operatorname{Ia}^2$ and $3 \operatorname{Ia}^2$
- (4) $\sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ia}^2$ and $3 \operatorname{Ia}^2$

40. For the given circuit, the input digital signals are applied at the terminals A, B and C. What would be the output at the terminal *y*?







- 41. A ball of mass 0.15 kg is dropped from a height 10 m, strikes the ground and rebounds to the same height. The magnitude of impulse imparted to the ball is $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$ nearly:
 - (1) 4.2 kg m/s
 - (2) 2.1 kg m/s
 - (3) 1.4 kg m/s
 - (4) 0 kg m/s
- 42. A step down transformer connected to an ac mains supply of 220 V is made to operate at 11 V, 44 W lamp. Ignoring power losses in the transformer, what is the current in the primary circuit?
 - (1) 0.4 A
 - (2) 2A
 - (3) 4 A
 - (4) 0.2 A

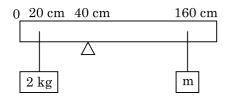
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- 43. A series LCR circuit containing 5.0 H inductor, $80~\mu F$ capacitor and $40~\Omega$ resistor is connected to 230~V variable frequency ac source. The angular frequencies of the source at which power transferred to the circuit is half the power at the resonant angular frequency are likely to be :
 - (1) 50 rad/s and 25 rad/s
 - (2) 46 rad/s and 54 rad/s
 - (3) 42 rad/s and 58 rad/s
 - (4) 25 rad/s and 75 rad/s
- 44. A uniform rod of length 200 cm and mass 500 g is balanced on a wedge placed at 40 cm mark. A mass of 2 kg is suspended from the rod at 20 cm and another unknown mass 'm' is suspended from the rod at 160 cm mark as shown in the figure. Find the value of 'm' such that the rod is in equilibrium. ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)



- (1) $\frac{1}{3}$ kg
- $(2) \qquad \frac{1}{6} \text{ kg}$
- (3) $\frac{1}{12}$ kg
- $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \text{ kg}$
- 45. A car starts from rest and accelerates at 5 m/s^2 . At t = 4 s, a ball is dropped out of a window by a person sitting in the car. What is the velocity and acceleration of the ball at t = 6 s? (Take $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)
 - (1) 20 m/s, 0
 - (2) $20\sqrt{2} \text{ m/s}, 0$
 - (3) $20\sqrt{2} \text{ m/s}, 10 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - (4) $20 \text{ m/s}, 5 \text{ m/s}^2$
- 46. Twenty seven drops of same size are charged at 220 V each. They combine to form a bigger drop. Calculate the potential of the bigger drop.
 - (1) 1320 V
 - (2) 1520 V
 - (3) 1980 V
 - (4) 660 V

- 47. Two conducting circular loops of radii R_1 and R_2 are placed in the same plane with their centres coinciding. If $R_1 >> R_2$, the mutual inductance M between them will be directly proportional to:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{R_2}{R_1}$
 - (2) $\frac{R_1^2}{R_2}$
 - (3) $\frac{R_2^2}{R_1}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{R_1}{R_2}$
- 48. A particle of mass 'm' is projected with a velocity $v = kV_e(k < 1)$ from the surface of the earth.

 $(V_e = escape velocity)$

The maximum height above the surface reached by the particle is:

- (1) $R\left(\frac{k}{1+k}\right)^2$
- $(2) \qquad \frac{R^2k}{1+k}$
- $(3) \qquad \frac{Rk^2}{1-k^2}$
- $(4) \qquad R\bigg(\frac{k}{1-k}\bigg)^2$
- **49.** In the product

$$\overrightarrow{F} = q \left(\overrightarrow{v} \times \overrightarrow{B} \right)$$

$$= q \overrightarrow{v} \times \left(\overrightarrow{B} \overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{B} \overrightarrow{j} + \overrightarrow{B_0} \overrightarrow{k} \right)$$

For
$$q = 1$$
 and $\overrightarrow{v} = 2 \overrightarrow{i} + 4 \overrightarrow{j} + 6 \overrightarrow{k}$ and $\overrightarrow{F} = 4 \overrightarrow{i} - 20 \overrightarrow{j} + 12 \overrightarrow{k}$

What will be the complete expression for $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{B}$?

- (1) $-6\hat{i}-6\hat{j}-8\hat{k}$
- (2) $8\hat{i} + 8\hat{j} 6\hat{k}$
- (3) $6 \hat{i} + 6 \hat{j} 8 \hat{k}$
- (4) $-8\hat{i} 8\hat{j} 6\hat{k}$

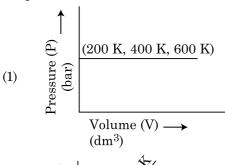


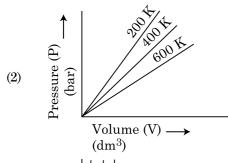
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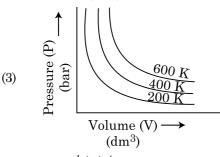
- 50. From a circular ring of mass 'M' and radius 'R' an arc corresponding to a 90° sector is removed. The moment of inertia of the remaining part of the ring about an axis passing through the centre of the ring and perpendicular to the plane of the ring is 'K' times 'MR²'. Then the value of 'K' is:
 - (1) $\frac{7}{8}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{4}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{8}$
 - (4) $\frac{3}{4}$

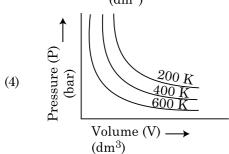
Section - A (Chemistry)

51. Choose the correct option for graphical representation of Boyle's law, which shows a graph of pressure vs. volume of a gas at different temperatures:









52. Statement I:

Acid strength increases in the order given as HF << HCl << HBr << HI.

Statement II:

As the size of the elements F, Cl, Br, I increases down the group, the bond strength of HF, HCl, HBr and HI decreases and so the acid strength increases.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false.
- (2) Statement I is correct but Statement II is false.
- (3) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is true.
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are true.
- **53.** Tritium, a radioactive isotope of hydrogen, emits which of the following particles?
 - (1) Alpha (α)
 - (2) $Gamma(\gamma)$
 - (3) Neutron (n)
 - (4) Beta (β^-)
- **54.** The maximum temperature that can be achieved in blast furnace is:
 - (1) upto 2200 K
 - (2) upto 1900 K
 - (3) upto 5000 K
 - (4) upto 1200 K
- 55. Noble gases are named because of their inertness towards reactivity. Identify an **incorrect** statement about them.
 - (1) Noble gases have very high melting and boiling points.
 - (2) Noble gases have weak dispersion forces.
 - (3) Noble gases have large positive values of electron gain enthalpy.
 - (4) Noble gases are sparingly soluble in water.



N1

56. Identify the compound that will react with Hinsberg's reagent to give a solid which dissolves in alkali.

(2)
$$CH_3$$
 $\dot{N}H_2$

(3)
$$CH_3$$
 CH_2
 CH_2
 CH_2
 CH_3

(4)
$$CH_3$$
 CH_2 NO_2

- **57.** Among the following alkaline earth metal halides, one which is covalent and soluble in organic solvents is:
 - (1) Strontium chloride
 - (2) Magnesium chloride
 - (3) Beryllium chloride
 - (4) Calcium chloride
- **58.** What is the IUPAC name of the organic compound formed in the following chemical reaction?

Acetone
$$\xrightarrow{\text{(i) } C_2H_5MgBr, dry Ether}$$
 Product $\xrightarrow{\text{(ii) } H_2O, H^+}$

- (1) pentan-2-ol
- (2) pentan-3-ol
- (3) 2-methyl butan-2-ol
- (4) 2-methyl propan-2-ol
- **59.** BF $_3$ is planar and electron deficient compound. Hybridization and number of electrons around the central atom, respectively are:
 - (1) sp^3 and 6
 - (2) sp^2 and 6
 - (3) sp^2 and 8
 - (4) sp^3 and 4
- **60.** The structures of beryllium chloride in solid state and vapour phase, are :
 - (1) Linear in both
 - (2) Dimer and Linear, respectively
 - (3) Chain in both
 - (4) Chain and dimer, respectively
- **61.** The RBC deficiency is deficiency disease of:
 - (1) Vitamin B_6
 - (2) Vitamin B₁
 - (3) Vitamin B₂
 - (4) Vitamin B₁₂

- **62.** The correct option for the number of body centred unit cells in all 14 types of Bravais lattice unit cells is:
 - (1) 5
 - $(2) \qquad 2$
 - (3) 3
 - (4)
- **63.** The molar conductance of NaCl, HCl and CH_3COONa at infinite dilution are 126.45, 426.16 and 91.0 S cm² mol⁻¹ respectively. The molar conductance of CH_3COOH at infinite dilution is. Choose the right option for your answer.
 - (1) $390.71 \,\mathrm{S} \,\mathrm{cm}^2 \,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
 - (2) $698.28 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
 - (3) $540.48 \,\mathrm{S}\,\mathrm{cm}^2\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
 - (4) $201.28 \,\mathrm{S} \,\mathrm{cm}^2 \,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
- **64.** Which one of the following polymers is prepared by addition polymerisation?
 - (1) Nylon-66
 - (2) Novolac
 - (3) Dacron
 - (4) Teflon
- **65.** The p K_b of dimethylamine and p K_a of acetic acid are 3.27 and 4.77 respectively at T (K). The correct option for the pH of dimethylammonium acetate solution is:
 - (1) 5.50
 - (2) 7.75
 - (3) 6.25
 - (4) 8.50
- **66.** A particular station of All India Radio, New Delhi, broadcasts on a frequency of 1,368 kHz (kilohertz). The wavelength of the electromagnetic radiation emitted by the transmitter is : [speed of light, $c=3.0\times10^8~\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$]
 - (1) 219.2 m
 - (2) 2192 m
 - (3) 21.92 cm
 - (4) 219.3 m
- **67.** Right option for the number of tetrahedral and octahedral voids in hexagonal primitive unit cell are :
 - (1) 6, 12
 - (2) 2, 1
 - (3) 12, 6
 - (4) 8, 4



- $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{68.} & \textbf{The following solutions were prepared by dissolving} \\ \textbf{10 g of glucose} \ (C_6H_{12}O_6) \ in \ 250 \ ml \ of \ water \ (P_1), \\ \textbf{10 g of urea} \ (CH_4N_2O) \ in \ 250 \ ml \ of \ water \ (P_2) \ and \\ \textbf{10 g of sucrose} \ \ (C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}) \ \ in \ 250 \ \ ml \ of \ water \ (P_3). \ \ The \ right \ option \ for \ the \ decreasing \ order \ of \ osmotic \ pressure \ of \ these \ solutions \ is: \\ \end{array}$
 - (1) $P_1 > P_2 > P_3$
 - (2) $P_2 > P_3 > P_1$
 - (3) $P_3 > P_1 > P_2$
 - (4) $P_2 > P_1 > P_3$
- 69. Match List I with List II.

T i	ist	_ T		
1		- 1		

- (a) PCl₅
- (i) Square pyramidal
- (b) SF_6
- (ii) Trigonal planar

List-II

- (c) BrF₅
- (iii) Octahedral
- (d) BF₃
- (iv) Trigonal bipyramidal

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (2) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)
- (3) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)
- (4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
- **70.** Ethylene diaminetetraacetate (EDTA) ion is:
 - (1) Unidentate ligand
 - (2) Bidentate ligand with two "N" donor atoms
 - (3) Tridentate ligand with three "N" donor atoms
 - (4) Hexadentate ligand with four "O" and two "N" donor atoms
- **71.** The right option for the statement "Tyndall effect is exhibited by", is:
 - (1) Glucose solution
 - (2) Starch solution
 - (3) Urea solution
 - (4) NaCl solution
- **72.** The major product formed in dehydrohalogenation reaction of 2-Bromo pentane is Pent-2-ene. This product formation is based on?
 - (1) Hund's Rule
 - (2) Hofmann Rule
 - (3) Huckel's Rule
 - (4) Saytzeff's Rule

73. Dihedral angle of least stable conformer of ethane is:

- (1) 180°
- (2) 60°
- (3) 0°
- (4) 120°
- **74.** The major product of the following chemical reaction is:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_{3} \\ \text{CH}_{3} \end{array} \\ \text{CH} - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_{2} + \text{HBr} \xrightarrow{(\text{C}_{6}\text{H}_{5}\text{CO})_{2}\text{O}_{2}} ?$$

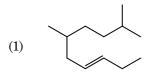
$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_3} \\ \operatorname{CH} - \operatorname{CH_2} - \operatorname{CH_2} - \operatorname{O} - \operatorname{COC_6H_5} \\ \end{array}$$

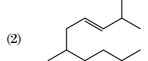
(2)
$$CH_3$$
 $CH - CH - CH_3$ H_3 H_4 H_5 H_7

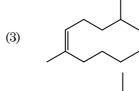
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{CH}_3 & \text{CBr-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3 \\ & \text{CH}_3 & \end{array}$$

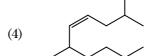
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \text{CH}_3 \\ \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{Br} \end{array}$$

75. The correct structure of 2,6-Dimethyl-dec-4-ene is:









- 76. $\operatorname{Zr}(Z=40)$ and $\operatorname{Hf}(Z=72)$ have similar atomic and ionic radii because of:
 - (1) diagonal relationship
 - (2) lanthanoid contraction
 - (3) having similar chemical properties
 - (4) belonging to same group



N1

77. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

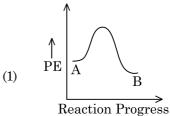
Aspirin and Paracetamol belong to the class of narcotic analgesics.

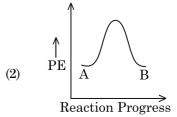
Statement II:

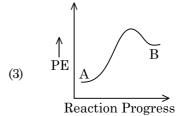
Morphine and Heroin are non-narcotic analgesics. In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

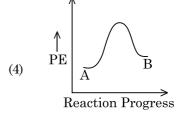
- (1)Both Statement I and Statement II are
- (2)Statement I is correct but Statement II is false.
- Statement I is (3)incorrect but Statement II is true.
- Both Statement I and Statement II are (4)
- Which one of the following methods can be used to **78.** obtain highly pure metal which is liquid at room temperature?
 - (1) Chromatography
 - (2)Distillation
 - (3)Zone refining
 - (4) Electrolysis
- **79**. The compound which shows metamerism is:
 - C_3H_8O (1)
 - (2) C_3H_6O
 - (3) $C_4H_{10}O$
 - (4) C_5H_{12}
- 80. Which of the following reactions is the metal displacement reaction? Choose the right option.
 - $\operatorname{Cr}_2\operatorname{O}_3 + 2\operatorname{Al} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \operatorname{Al}_2\operatorname{O}_3 + 2\operatorname{Cr}$ (1)
 - $\text{Fe} + 2\text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{FeCl}_2 + \text{H}_2 \uparrow$ (2)
 - $2\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow 2\text{PbO} + 4\text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2 \uparrow$ (3)
 - $2KClO_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2KCl + 3O_2$
- The incorrect statement among the following 81. is:
 - (1) Most of the trivalent Lanthanoid ions are colorless in the solid state.
 - (2)Lanthanoids are good conductors of heat and electricity.
 - (3) Actinoids are highly reactive metals, especially when finely divided.
 - Actinoid contraction is greater for element (4) to element than Lanthanoid contraction.

- 82. Which one among the following is the correct option for right relationship between C_P and C_V for one mole of ideal gas?
 - $C_P C_V = R$ (1)
 - $C_P = RC_V$ (2)
 - (3) $C_V = RC_P$
 - $C_P + C_V = R$ (4)
- 83. The correct sequence of bond enthalpy of 'C-X' bond
 - (1)
 - $\begin{array}{l} {\rm CH_3 F} > {\rm CH_3 Cl} > {\rm CH_3 Br} > {\rm CH_3 I} \\ {\rm CH_3 F} < {\rm CH_3 Cl} > {\rm CH_3 Br} > {\rm CH_3 I} \end{array}$ (2)
 - (3) $CH_3 - Cl > CH_3 - F > CH_3 - Br > CH_3 - I$
 - $CH_3 F < CH_3 Cl < CH_3 Br < CH_3 I$ (4)
- 84. An organic compound contains 78% (by wt.) carbon and remaining percentage of hydrogen. The right option for the empirical formula of this compound is: [Atomic wt. of C is 12, H is 1]
 - CH_{2} (1)
 - (2) CH_3
 - (3) CH_4
 - CH (4)
- **85.** For a reaction $A \rightarrow B$, enthalpy of reaction is -4.2 kJ mol^{-1} and enthalpy of activation is 9.6 kJ mol⁻¹. The correct potential energy profile for the reaction is shown in option.











Section - B (Chemistry)

86. The molar conductivity of 0.007 M acetic acid is 20 S cm² mol⁻¹. What is the dissociation constant of acetic acid? Choose the correct option.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \Lambda_{\text{H}^{+}}^{\circ} = 350 \text{ S cm}^{2} \text{ mol}^{-1} \\ \Lambda_{\text{CH}_{3}\text{COO}}^{\circ} = 50 \text{ S cm}^{2} \text{ mol}^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

- (1) $2.50 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$
- (2) $1.75 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.50 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$
- (4) $1.75 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$

87. The product formed in the following chemical reaction is:

$$\begin{array}{c} O & O \\ CH_2 - C - OCH_3 \\ \hline CH_3 & \hline \begin{array}{c} NaBH_4 \\ \hline C_2H_5OH \end{array} \end{array} ?$$

(1)
$$CH_2-CH_2-OH$$
 CH_3

(2)
$$\begin{array}{c} OH & H \\ CH_2 - C - CH_3 \\ OH \end{array}$$

$$(4) \qquad \begin{array}{c} OH & H \\ H_2 - C - OCH_2 \\ OH \end{array}$$

88. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

List-II

N1

- (a) $2SO_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow$ (i) Acid rain $2SO_3(g)$
- (b) $HOCl(g) \xrightarrow{h\nu}$ (ii) Smog OH+Cl
- $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(c)} & & \text{CaCO}_3 + \text{H}_2 \text{SO}_4 {\longrightarrow} & \text{(iii)} & \text{Ozone} \\ & & \text{CaSO}_4 + \text{H}_2 \text{O} + \text{CO}_2 & & \text{depletion} \end{array}$
- $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(d)} & NO_2(g) \xrightarrow{\quad h\nu \quad} & \text{(iv)} & \text{Tropospheric} \\ & NO(g) + O(g) & & \text{pollution} \end{array}$

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
- (3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (4) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)

89. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

List-II

(a)
$$\overbrace{\frac{\text{CO, HCl}}{\text{Anhyd.AlCl}_3/}}$$
 (i) Hell-Volhard-
CuCl Zelinsky reaction

- (b) $R C CH_3 + NaOX \longrightarrow$
- (ii) Gattermann-Koch reaction
- (c) $R-CH_2-OH$ +R'COOH $Conc. H_2SO_4$
- (iii) Haloform reaction
- (d) $R CH_2COOH$
- (iv) Esterification

$$\xrightarrow{\text{(i) } X_2/\text{Red P}} \xrightarrow{\text{(ii) } H_2\text{O}}$$

- (1) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iv)
- (2) (a)-(i), (b)-(iv), (c)-(iii), (d)-(ii)
- (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iii)

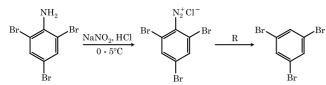
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- **90.** In which one of the following arrangements the given sequence is not strictly according to the properties indicated against it?
 - $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(1)} & \text{H}_2\text{O} < \text{H}_2\text{S} & : & \text{Increasing pK}_{\text{a}} \\ & < \text{H}_2\text{Se} < \text{H}_2\text{Te} & \text{values} \\ \end{array}$
 - $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{(2)} & \text{NH}_3 < \text{PH}_3 & : & \text{Increasing} \\ & < \text{AsH}_3 < \text{SbH}_3 & & \text{acidic character} \end{array}$
 - $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(3)} & & \text{CO}_2 < \text{SiO}_2 & : & & \text{Increasing} \\ & & & & \text{SnO}_2 < \text{PbO}_2 & & & \text{oxidizing power} \end{array}$
 - (4) HF < HCl : Increasing acidic < HBr < HI strength
- **91.** The reagent 'R' in the given sequence of chemical reaction is:



- (1) CH_3CH_2OH
- (2) HI
- (3) CuCN/KCN
- (4) H₂O
- **92.** For irreversible expansion of an ideal gas under isothermal condition, the correct option is:
 - (1) $\Delta U \neq 0, \Delta S_{total} \neq 0$
 - (2) $\Delta U = 0, \Delta S_{\text{total}} \neq 0$
 - (3) $\Delta U \neq 0$, $\Delta S_{total} = 0$
 - (4) $\Delta U = 0$, $\Delta S_{total} = 0$
- **93.** The correct option for the value of vapour pressure of a solution at 45°C with benzene to octane in molar ratio 3:2 is:

[At 45°C vapour pressure of benzene is 280 mm Hg and that of octane is 420 mm Hg. Assume Ideal gas]

- (1) 168 mm of Hg
- (2) 336 mm of Hg
- (3) 350 mm of Hg
- (4) 160 mm of Hg
- 94. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		\mathbf{List} - \mathbf{II}
(a)	$[\mathrm{Fe(CN)}_{6}]^{3}$	(i)	$5.92\mathrm{BM}$
(b)	$[{\rm Fe(H_2O)}_6]^{3+}$	(ii)	$0\mathrm{BM}$
(c)	$[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}]^{4-}$	(iii)	$4.90\mathrm{BM}$
(d)	$[{\rm Fe(H_2O)}_6]^{2+}$	(iv)	$1.73\mathrm{BM}$
Cho	ose the correct and	swer from	m the ontic

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(iii), (d)-(i)
- (2) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)
- (3) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iii)
- (4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(ii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iii)

95. The slope of Arrhenius Plot $\left(\ln k \text{ v/s } \frac{1}{T}\right)$ of first order reaction is $-5 \times 10^3 \text{ K}$. The value of E_a of the reaction is. Choose the correct option for your answer.

[Given $R = 8.314 \, JK^{-1} mol^{-1}$]

- (1) 83.0 kJ mol^{-1}
- (2) 166 kJ mol^{-1}
- (3) -83 kJ mol^{-1}
- (4) 41.5 kJ mol^{-1}
- **96.** From the following pairs of ions which one is not an iso-electronic pair?
 - (1) Na^+, Mg^{2+}
 - (2) Mn^{2+} , Fe^{3+}
 - (3) Fe^{2+} , Mn^{2+}
 - (4) O^{2-} , F^{-}
- 97. Choose the correct option for the total pressure (in atm.) in a mixture of 4 g O_2 and 2 g H_2 confined in a total volume of one litre at 0°C is:

[Given R = 0.082 L atm mol⁻¹ K^{-1} , T = 273 K]

- (1) 2.602
- (2) 25.18
- (3) 26.02
- (4) 2.518
- 98. $CH_3CH_2COO^-Na^+ \xrightarrow{NaOH, +?} CH_3CH_3 + Na_2CO_3.$

Consider the above reaction and identify the missing reagent/chemical.

- (1) Red Phosphorus
- (2) CaO
- (3) DIBAL-H
- (4) B_2H_6



- **99.** The intermediate compound 'X' in the following chemical reaction is:
 - $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ + CrO_2Cl_2 \xrightarrow{CS_2} X \xrightarrow{H_3O^+} \end{array}$
 - (1) $CH(OCOCH_3)_2$
 - $(2) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CH} \\ \text{CI} \end{array}$
 - (3) CH CH
 - $(4) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CH(OCrOHCl}_2)_2 \end{array}$
- **100.** Which of the following molecules is non-polar in nature?
 - (1) CH₂O
 - (2) SbCl₅
 - (3) NO_2
 - (4) POCl₃

Section - A (Biology: Botany)

101. In the equation GPP - R = NPP

R represents:

- (1) Retardation factor
- (2) Environment factor
- (3) Respiration losses
- (4) Radiant energy
- **102.** Which of the following plants is monoecious?
 - (1) Chara
 - (2) Marchantia polymorpha
 - (3) Cycas circinalis
 - (4) Carica papaya

- **103.** Which of the following is a **correct** sequence of steps in a PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?
 - (1) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing
 - (2) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing
 - (3) Annealing, Denaturation, Extension
 - (4) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension
- 104. Match List I with List II.

List - I		List - II		
(a)	Lenticels	(i)	Phellogen	
(b)	Cork cambium	(ii)	Suberin deposition	
(c)	Secondary cortex	(iii)	Exchange of gases	
(d)	Cork	(iv)	Phelloderm	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)

- 105. Diadelphous stamens are found in:
 - (1) Citrus
 - (2) Pea
 - (3) China rose and citrus
 - (4) China rose
- **106.** The plant hormone used to destroy weeds in a field is:
 - (1) NAA
 - (2) 2, 4-D
 - (3) IBA
 - (4) IAA
- **107.** DNA strands on a gel stained with ethidium bromide when viewed under UV radiation, appear as:
 - (1) Bright orange bands
 - (2) Dark red bands
 - (3) Bright blue bands
 - (4) Yellow bands
- 108. The term used for transfer of pollen grains from anthers of one plant to stigma of a different plant which, during pollination, brings genetically different types of pollen grains to stigma, is:
 - (1) Geitonogamy
 - (2) Chasmogamy
 - (3) Cleistogamy
 - (4) Xenogamy



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- **109.** Which of the following stages of meiosis involves division of centromere?
 - (1) Metaphase II
 - (2) Anaphase II
 - (3) Telophase II
 - (4) Metaphase I
- **110.** When the centromere is situated in the middle of two equal arms of chromosomes, the chromosome is referred as:
 - (1) Telocentric
 - (2) Sub-metacentric
 - (3) Acrocentric
 - (4) Metacentric
- 111. Inspite of interspecific competition in nature, which mechanism the competing species might have evolved for their survival?
 - (1) Competitive release
 - (2) Mutualism
 - (3) Predation
 - (4) Resource partitioning
- 112. The production of gametes by the parents, formation of zygotes, the ${\rm F}_1$ and ${\rm F}_2$ plants, can be understood from a diagram called :
 - (1) Punch square
 - (2) Punnett square
 - (3) Net square
 - (4) Bullet square
- **113.** The site of perception of light in plants during photoperiodism is:
 - (1) Stem
 - (2) Axillary bud
 - (3) Leaf
 - (4) Shoot apex
- **114.** The factor that leads to Founder effect in a population is:
 - (1) Genetic recombination
 - (2) Mutation
 - (3) Genetic drift
 - (4) Natural selection
- 115. When gene targetting involving gene amplification is attempted in an individual's tissue to treat disease, it is known as:
 - (1) Gene therapy
 - (2) Molecular diagnosis
 - (3) Safety testing
 - (4) Biopiracy

- **116.** Which of the following is an **incorrect** statement?
 - (1) Microbodies are present both in plant and animal cells.
 - (2) The perinuclear space forms a barrier between the materials present inside the nucleus and that of the cytoplasm.
 - (3) Nuclear pores act as passages for proteins and RNA molecules in both directions between nucleus and cytoplasm.
 - (4) Mature sieve tube elements possess a conspicuous nucleus and usual cytoplasmic organelles.

117. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I	List - II	
(a)	Cells with active cell	(i)	Vascular
(a)	division capacity	(1)	tissues
(b)	Tissue having all cells similar in structure and function	(ii)	Meristematic tissue
(c)	Tissue having different types of cells	(iii)	Sclereids
(d)	Dead cells with highly thickened walls and narrow lumen	(iv)	Simple tissue

Select the **correct** answer from the options given below.

(iii)

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)

(iv)

118. Match List - I with List - II.

(ii)

(4)

	List - I		List - II	
(a)	(a) Cristae (i)		Primary constriction in	
(α)	CIISTAC	(1)	chromosome	
(b)	Thylakoids	(ii)	Disc-shaped sacs in	
(0)	Tilylakolus	(11)	Golgi apparatus	
(c)	Centromere	(iii)	Infoldings in	
(0)	Centromere	(111)	mitochondria	
			Flattened membranous	
(d)	Cisternae	(iv)	sacs in stroma of	
			plastids	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)



- 119. During the purification process for recombinant DNA technology, addition of chilled ethanol precipitates out:
 - (1) DNA
 - (2) Histones
 - (3) Polysaccharides
 - (4) RNA
- **120.** Which of the following are **not** secondary metabolites in plants?
 - (1) Amino acids, glucose
 - (2) Vinblastin, curcumin
 - (3) Rubber, gums
 - (4) Morphine, codeine
- **121.** Which of the following algae contains mannitol as reserve food material?
 - (1) Gracilaria
 - (2) Volvox
 - (3) Ulothrix
 - (4) Ectocarpus
- 122. Gemmae are present in:
 - (1) Pteridophytes
 - (2) Some Gymnosperms
 - (3) Some Liverworts
 - (4) Mosses
- **123.** Which of the following statements is **not** correct?
 - (1) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally upright.
 - (2) Pyramid of energy is always upright.
 - (3) Pyramid of numbers in a grassland ecosystem is upright.
 - (4) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally inverted.
- **124.** Plants follow different pathways in response to environment or phases of life to form different kinds of structures. This ability is called:
 - (1) Flexibility
 - (2) Plasticity
 - (3) Maturity
 - (4) Elasticity
- **125.** Amensalism can be represented as:
 - (1) Species A(+); Species B(+)
 - (2) Species A(-); Species B(-)
 - (3) Species A(+); Species B(0)
 - (4) Species A(-); Species B(0)

- **126.** Complete the flow chart on central dogma.
 - (a) \bigcirc DNA $\xrightarrow{\text{(b)}}$ mRNA $\xrightarrow{\text{(c)}}$ (d)
 - (1) (a)-Translation; (b)-Replication;
 - (c)-Transcription; (d)-Transduction
 - $(2) \qquad \hbox{(a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription;}$
 - (c)-Translation; (d)-Protein
 - (3) (a)-Transduction; (b)-Translation;
 - (c)-Replication; (d)-Protein
 - (4) (a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription;
 - (c)-Transduction; (d)-Protein
- **127.** Genera like *Selaginella* and *Salvinia* produce two kinds of spores. Such plants are known as:
 - (1) Heterosorus
 - (2) Homosporous
 - (3) Heterosporous
 - (4) Homosorus
- 128. Match List I with List II.

	List - I	List - II	
(a)	Cohesion	(i)	More attraction in liquid phase
(b)	Adhesion	(ii)	Mutual attraction among water molecules
(c)	Surface tension	(iii)	Water loss in liquid phase
(d)	Guttation	(iv)	Attraction towards polar surfaces

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (2) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- **129.** Mutations in plant cells can be induced by :
 - (1) Infrared rays
 - (2) Gamma rays
 - (3) Zeatin
 - (4) Kinetin
- **130.** Which of the following is **not** an application of PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?
 - (1) Gene amplification
 - (2) Purification of isolated protein
 - (3) Detection of gene mutation
 - (4) Molecular diagnosis





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- 131. The first stable product of ${\rm CO_2}$ fixation in sorghum is :
 - (1) Oxaloacetic acid
 - (2) Succinic acid
 - (3) Phosphoglyceric acid
 - (4) Pyruvic acid
- **132.** Which of the following algae produce Carrageen?
 - (1) Brown algae
 - (2) Red algae
 - (3) Blue-green algae
 - (4) Green algae
- 133. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Protoplast fusion	(i)	Totipotency
(b)	Plant tissue culture	(ii)	Pomato
(c)	Meristem culture	(iii)	Somaclones
(d)	Micropropagation	(iv)	Virus free plants

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)

- **134.** A typical angiosperm embryo sac at maturity is:
 - (1) 7-nucleate and 8-celled
 - (2) 7-nucleate and 7-celled
 - (3) 8-nucleate and 8-celled
 - (4) 8-nucleate and 7-celled
- 135. The amount of nutrients, such as carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus and calcium present in the soil at any given time, is referred as:
 - (1) Climax community
 - (2) Standing state
 - (3) Standing crop
 - (4) Climax

Section - B (Biology: Botany)

- **136.** Which of the following statements is **incorrect**?
 - (1) Stroma lamellae have PS I only and lack NADP reductase.
 - (2) Grana lamellae have both PS I and PS II.
 - (3) Cyclic photophosphorylation involves both PS I and PS II.
 - (4) Both ATP and NADPH+H+ are synthesized during non-cyclic photophosphorylation.

- 137. Identify the **correct** statement.
 - (1) RNA polymerase binds with Rho factor to terminate the process of transcription in bacteria.
 - (2) The coding strand in a transcription unit is copied to an mRNA.
 - (3) Split gene arrangement is characteristic of prokaryotes.
 - (4) In capping, methyl guanosine triphosphate is added to the 3' end of hnRNA.
- 138. Match Column I with Column II.

(Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Nitrococcus	(i)	Denitrification	
(b)	Rhizobium	(ii)	Conversion of	
(0)	1 <i>m</i> 12001um	(11)	ammonia to nitrite	
(0)	Thio bacillus	(iii)	Conversion of nitrite	
(6)	Thioodcillus	(111)	to nitrate	
			Conversion of	
(d)	Nitrobacter	(iv)	atmospheric nitrogen	
			to ammonia	

Choose the **correct** answer from options given below

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)

- **139.** What is the role of RNA polymerase III in the process of transcription in eukaryotes?
 - (1) Transcribes tRNA, 5s rRNA and snRNA
 - (2) Transcribes precursor of mRNA
 - (3) Transcribes only snRNAs
 - (4) Transcribes rRNAs (28S, 18S and 5.8S)
- 140. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	S phase	(i)	Proteins are synthesized
(b)	G ₂ phase	(ii)	Inactive phase
(c)	Quiescent stage	(iii)	Interval between mitosis and initiation of DNA replication
(d)	G1 phase	(iv)	DNA replication

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)



141. Select the correct pair.

- (1) In dicot leaves, vascular Conjunctive bundles are surrounded tissue by large thick-walled cells
- (2) Cells of medullary rays Interfascicular that form part of cambium cambial ring
- (3) Loose parenchyma cells Spongy rupturing the epidermis parenchyma and forming a lensshaped opening in bark
- (4) Large colorless empty Subsidiary cells cells in the epidermis of grass leaves
- **142.** In some members of which of the following pairs of families, pollen grains retain their viability for months after release?

(1) Poaceae; Leguminosae

(2) Poaceae; Solanaceae

(3) Rosaceae; Leguminosae

(4) Poaceae; Rosaceae

- **143.** Which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Fusion of protoplasms between two motile on non-motile gametes is called plasmogamy.
 - (2) Organisms that depend on living plants are called saprophytes.
 - (3) Some of the organisms can fix atmospheric nitrogen in specialized cells called sheath cells.
 - (4) Fusion of two cells is called Karyogamy.
- 144. Now a days it is possible to detect the mutated gene causing cancer by allowing radioactive probe to hybridise its complimentary DNA in a clone of cells, followed by its detection using autoradiography because:
 - (1) mutated gene completely and clearly appears on a photographic film.
 - (2) mutated gene does not appear on a photographic film as the probe has no complimentarity with it.
 - (3) mutated gene does not appear on photographic film as the probe has complimentarity with it.
 - (4) mutated gene partially appears on a photographic film.

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- 145. Plasmid pBR322 has PstI restriction enzyme site within gene amp^R that confers ampicillin resistance. If this enzyme is used for inserting a gene for β -galactoside production and the recombinant plasmid is inserted in an E.coli strain
 - (1) the transformed cells will have the ability to resist ampicillin as well as produce β -galactoside.
 - (2) it will lead to lysis of host cell.
 - (3) it will be able to produce a novel protein with dual ability.
 - (4) it will not be able to confer ampicillin resistance to the host cell.
- **146.** Which of the following statements is **incorrect**?
 - (1) In ETC (Electron Transport Chain), one molecule of NADH + H $^+$ gives rise to 2 ATP molecules, and one FADH₂ gives rise to 3 ATP molecules.
 - (2) ATP is synthesized through complex V.
 - (3) Oxidation-reduction reactions produce proton gradient in respiration.
 - (4) During aerobic respiration, role of oxygen is limited to the terminal stage.
- 147. DNA fingerprinting involves identifying differences in some specific regions in DNA sequence, called as:
 - (1) Repetitive DNA
 - (2) Single nucleotides
 - (3) Polymorphic DNA
 - (4) Satellite DNA
- 148. Match Column I with Column II.

Column - I

Column - II

(a)
$$\% \oint K_{(5)} C_{1+2+(2)} A_{(9)+1} \underline{G}_1$$
 (

(i) Brassicaceae

(b)
$$\oplus \not \subset K_{(5)}\widehat{C_{(5)}}A_5\underline{G}_2$$

(ii) Liliaceae

(c)
$$\oplus Q \widehat{P_{(3+3)}} A_{3+3} \underline{G_{(3)}}$$

(iii) Fabaceae

(d)
$$\oplus \oint K_{2+2}C_4A_{2-4}\underline{G}_{(2)}$$

(iv) Solanaceae



- 149. In the exponential growth equation
 - $N_t = N_o e^{rt}$, e represents :
 - (1) The base of exponential logarithms
 - (2) The base of natural logarithms
 - (3) The base of geometric logarithms
 - (4) The base of number logarithms
- 150. Match List I with List II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Protein	(i)	C = C double bonds
(b)	Unsaturated fatty acid	(ii)	Phosphodiester bonds
(c)	Nucleic acid	(iii)	Glycosidic bonds
(d)	Polysaccharide	(iv)	Peptide bonds

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)

Section - A (Biology: Zoology)

- **151.** Which stage of meiotic prophase shows terminalisation of chiasmata as its distinctive feature?
 - (1) Zygotene
 - (2) Diakinesis
 - (3) Pachytene
 - (4) Leptotene
- **152.** Which one of the following organisms bears hollow and pneumatic long bones?
 - (1) Hemidactylus
 - (2) Macropus
 - (3) Ornithorhynchus
 - (4) Neophron
- **153.** Match the following:

	List - I	List - II	
(a)	Physalia	(i)	Pearl oyster
(b)	Limulus	(ii)	Portuguese Man of War
(c)	An cylostoma	(iii)	Living fossil
(d)	Pinctada	(iv)	Hookworm

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)

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- **154.** Which of the following characteristics is **incorrect** with respect to cockroach?
 - (1) Hypopharynx lies within the cavity enclosed by the mouth parts.
 - (2) In females, 7th-9th sterna together form a genital pouch.
 - 10^{th} abdominal segment in both sexes, bears a pair of anal cerci.
 - (4) A ring of gastric caeca is present at the junction of midgut and hind gut.
- **155.** Chronic auto immune disorder affecting neuro muscular junction leading to fatigue, weakening and paralysis of skeletal muscle is called as:
 - (1) Muscular dystrophy
 - (2) Myasthenia gravis
 - (3) Gout
 - (4) Arthritis
- **156.** Persons with 'AB' blood group are called as "Universal recipients". This is due to:
 - (1) Absence of antigens A and B in plasma
 - (2) Presence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, on RBCs
 - (3) Absence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, in plasma
 - (4) Absence of antigens A and B on the surface of RBCs
- **157.** Erythropoietin hormone which stimulates R.B.C. formation is produced by :
 - (1) The cells of rostral adenohypophysis
 - (2) The cells of bone marrow
 - (3) Juxtaglomerular cells of the kidney
 - (4) Alpha cells of pancreas
- **158.** Veneral diseases can spread through:
 - (a) Using sterile needles
 - (b) Transfusion of blood from infected person
 - (c) Infected mother to foetus
 - (d) Kissing
 - (e) Inheritance

- (1) (b), (c) and (d) only
- (2) (b) and (c) only
- (3) (a) and (c) only
- (4) (a), (b) and (c) only



- **159.** With regard to insulin choose correct options.
 - (a) C-peptide is not present in mature insulin.
 - (b) The insulin produced by rDNA technology has C-peptide.
 - (c) The pro-insulin has C-peptide.
 - (d) A-peptide and B-peptide of insulin are interconnected by disulphide bridges.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (b) and (c) only
- (2) (a), (c) and (d) only
- (3) (a) and (d) only
- (4) (b) and (d) only
- 160. The partial pressures (in mm Hg) of oxygen (O_2) and carbon dioxide (CO_2) at alveoli (the site of diffusion) are:
 - (1) $pO_2 = 40 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 45$
 - (2) $pO_2 = 95 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 40$
 - (3) $pO_2 = 159 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 0.3$
 - (4) $pO_2 = 104 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 40$
- **161.** Which enzyme is responsible for the conversion of inactive fibringens to fibrins?
 - (1) Renin
 - (2) Epinephrine
 - (3) Thrombokinase
 - (4) Thrombin
- 162. Identify the incorrect pair.
 - (1) Toxin Abrin
 - (2) Lectins Concanavalin A
 - (3) Drugs Ricin
 - (4) Alkaloids Codeine
- 163. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Aspergillus niger	(i)	Acetic Acid
(b)	Acetobacter aceti	(ii)	Lactic Acid
(c)	Clostridium butylicum	(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	Lactobacillus	(iv)	Butyric Acid

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

(iv)

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)

(4)

- **164.** Which one of the following is an example of Hormone releasing IUD?
 - (1) LNG 20
 - (2) Cu 7
 - (3) Multiload 375
 - (4) CuT
- 165. Match List I with List II.

List - I		List - II		
(a)	Metamerism	(i)	Coelenterata	
(b)	Canal system	(ii)	Ctenophora	
(c)	Comb plates	(iii)	Annelida	
(d)	Cnidoblasts	(iv)	Porifera	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)

- **166.** A specific recognition sequence identified by endonucleases to make cuts at specific positions within the DNA is:
 - (1) Okazaki sequences
 - (2) Palindromic Nucleotide sequences
 - (3) Poly(A) tail sequences
 - (4) Degenerate primer sequence
- **167.** Succus entericus is referred to as:
 - (1) Intestinal juice
 - (2) Gastric juice
 - (3) Chyme
 - (4) Pancreatic juice
- **168.** Read the following statements.
 - (a) Metagenesis is observed in Helminths.
 - (b) Echinoderms are triploblastic and coelomate animals.
 - (c) Round worms have organ-system level of body organization.
 - (d) Comb plates present in ctenophores help in digestion.
 - (e) Water vascular system is characteristic of Echinoderms.

- (1) (a), (b) and (c) are correct
- (2) (a), (d) and (e) are correct
- (3) (b), (c) and (e) are correct
- (4) (c), (d) and (e) are correct



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- **169.** Which is the "Only enzyme" that has "Capability" to catalyse Initiation, Elongation and Termination in the process of transcription in prokaryotes?
 - (1) DNA dependent RNA polymerase
 - (2) DNA Ligase
 - (3) DNase
 - (4) DNA dependent DNA polymerase
- **170.** The centriole undergoes duplication during:
 - (1) Prophase
 - (2) Metaphase
 - G_2 phase
 - (4) S-phase
- 171. The organelles that are included in the endomembrane system are:
 - (1) Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi complex, Lysosomes and Vacuoles
 - (2) Golgi complex, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes
 - (3) Golgi complex, Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondria and Lysosomes
 - (4) Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes
- **172.** Which one of the following belongs to the family Muscidae?
 - (1) Grasshopper
 - (2) Cockroach
 - (3) House fly
 - (4) Fire fly
- **173.** Dobson units are used to measure thickness of:
 - (1) Stratosphere
 - (2) Ozone
 - (3) Troposphere
 - (4) CFCs
- **174.** In a cross between a male and female, both heterozygous for sickle cell anaemia gene, what percentage of the progeny will be diseased?
 - (1) 75%
 - (2) 25%
 - (3) 100%
 - (4) 50%

175. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Vaults	(i)	Entry of sperm through Cervix is blocked
(b)	IUDs	(ii)	Removal of Vas deferens
(c)	Vasectomy	(iii)	Phagocytosis of sperms within the Uterus
(d)	Tubectomy	(iv)	Removal of fallopian tube

	(a)	(a)	(C)	(a)
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)

- **176.** Select the favourable conditions required for the formation of oxyhaemoglobin at the alveoli.
 - (1) Low pO_2 , high pCO_2 , more H^+ , higher temperature
 - (2) High pO₂, high pCO₂, less H⁺, higher temperature
 - (3) Low pO_2 , low pCO_2 , more H^+ , higher temperature
 - (4) High pO₂, low pCO₂, less H⁺, lower temperature
- 177. For effective treatment of the disease, early diagnosis and understanding its pathophysiology is very important. Which of the following molecular diagnostic techniques is very useful for early detection?
 - (1) Southern Blotting Technique
 - (2) ELISA Technique
 - (3) Hybridization Technique
 - (4) Western Blotting Technique
- **178.** Receptors for sperm binding in mammals are present on:
 - (1) Vitelline membrane
 - (2) Perivitelline space
 - (3) Zona pellucida
 - (4) Corona radiata

EXAMP R@AD

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- **179.** Which of the following is **not** an objective of Biofortification in crops?
 - (1) Improve resistance to diseases
 - (2) Improve vitamin content
 - (3) Improve micronutrient and mineral content
 - (4) Improve protein content
- **180.** Sphincter of oddi is present at:
 - (1) Junction of hepato-pancreatic duct and duodenum
 - (2) Gastro-oesophageal junction
 - (3) Junction of jejunum and duodenum
 - (4) Ileo-caecal junction
- 181. During the process of gene amplification using PCR, if very high temperature is not maintained in the beginning, then which of the following steps of PCR will be affected first?
 - (1) Extension
 - (2) Denaturation
 - (3) Ligation
 - (4) Annealing
- 182. The fruit fly has 8 chromosomes (2n) in each cell. During interphase of Mitosis if the number of chromosomes at G_1 phase is 8, what would be the number of chromosomes after S phase?
 - (1) 16
 - (2) 4
 - (3) 32
 - (4) 8
- **183.** Which of the following RNAs is not required for the synthesis of protein?
 - (1) tRNA
 - (2) rRNA
 - (3) siRNA
 - (4) mRNA
- 184. Which of the following statements wrongly represents the nature of smooth muscle?
 - (1) They are involuntary muscles
 - (2) Communication among the cells is performed by intercalated discs
 - (3) These muscles are present in the wall of blood vessels
 - (4) These muscle have no striations

185. If Adenine makes 30% of the DNA molecule, what will be the percentage of Thymine, Guanine and Cytosine in it?

(1) T: 20; G: 20; C: 30

(2) T:30; G:20; C:20

(3) T: 20; G: 25; C: 25

(4) T: 20; G: 30; C: 20

Section - B (Biology: Zoology)

- **186.** Which of these is not an important component of initiation of parturition in humans?
 - (1) Synthesis of prostaglandins
 - (2) Release of Oxytocin
 - (3) Release of Prolactin
 - (4) Increase in estrogen and progesterone ratio
- 187. Match List I with List II.

List - I		List - II		
(a)	Filariasis	(i)	Haemophilus influenzae	
(b)	Amoebiasis	(ii)	Trichophyton	
(c)	Pneumonia	(iii)	Wuchereria bancrofti	
(d)	Ringworm	(iv)	Entamoeba histolytica	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
` '	` '	` '	` '

- (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (2) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
- (3) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (4) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
- **188.** Following are the statements about prostomium of earthworm.
 - (a) It serves as a covering for mouth.
 - (b) It helps to open cracks in the soil into which it can crawl.
 - (c) It is one of the sensory structures.
 - (d) It is the first body segment.

- (1) (a), (b) and (d) are correct
- (2) (a), (b), (c) and (d) are correct
- (3) (b) and (c) are correct
- (4) (a), (b) and (c) are correct



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189. Assertion (A):

A person goes to high altitude and experiences 'altitude sickness' with symptoms like breathing difficulty and heart palpitations.

Reason (R):

Due to low atmospheric pressure at high altitude, the body does not get sufficient oxygen.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true but **(R)** is not the correct explanation of **(A)**
- (2) **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false
- (3) **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true
- (4) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**

190. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I		List - II	
(a)	Scapula	(i)	Cartilaginous joints	
(b)	Cranium	(ii)	Flat bone	
(c)	Sternum	(iii)	Fibrous joints	
(d)	Vertebral column	(iv)	Triangular flat bone	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(2)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)

191. Statement I:

The codon 'AUG' codes for methionine and phenylalanine.

Statement II:

'AAA' and 'AAG' both codons code for the amino acid lysine.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false
- (2) Statement I is correct but Statement II is false
- (3) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is true
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

192. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II		
(a)	Allen's Rule	(i)	Kangaroo rat	
(b)	Physiological adaptation	(ii)	Desert lizard	
(c)	Behavioural adaptation	(iii)	Marine fish at depth	
(d)	Biochemical adaptation	(iv)	Polar seal	

Choose the ${f correct}$ answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)

- **193.** During muscular contraction which of the following events occur?
 - (a) 'H' zone disappears
 - (b) 'A' band widens
 - (c) 'I' band reduces in width
 - (d) Myosine hydrolyzes ATP, releasing the ADP and Pi
 - (e) Z-lines attached to actins are pulled inwards

- (1) (a), (b), (c), (d) only
- (2) (b), (c), (d), (e) only
- (3) (b), (d), (e), (a) only
- (4) (a), (c), (d), (e) only
- **194.** Which of the following is **not** a step in Multiple Ovulation Embryo Transfer Technology (MOET)?
 - (1) Cow yields about 6-8 eggs at a time
 - (2) Cow is fertilized by artificial insemination
 - (3) Fertilized eggs are transferred to surrogate mothers at 8-32 cell stage
 - (4) Cow is administered hormone having LH like activity for super ovulation



195. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I		List - II	
(a)	Adaptive radiation	(i)	Selection of resistant varieties due to excessive use of herbicides and pesticides	
(b)	Convergent evolution	(ii)	Bones of forelimbs in Man and Whale	
(c)	Divergent evolution	(iii)	Wings of Butterfly and Bird	
(d)	Evolution by anthropogenic action	(iv)	Darwin Finches	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

(d)

- (a) (b) (c)
- $(1) \qquad (iii) \qquad (ii) \qquad (iv)$
- (2) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (3) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- **196.** Following are the statements with reference to 'lipids'.
 - (a) Lipids having only single bonds are called unsaturated fatty acids.
 - (b) Lecithin is a phospholipid.
 - (c) Trihydroxy propane is glycerol.
 - (d) Palmitic acid has 20 carbon atoms including carboxyl carbon.
 - (e) Arachidonic acid has 16 carbon atoms.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (c) and (d) only
- (2) (b) and (c) only
- (3) (b) and (e) only
- (4) (a) and (b) only
- **197.** Which of the following secretes the hormone, relaxin, during the later phase of pregnancy?
 - (1) Corpus luteum
 - (2) Foetus
 - (3) Uterus
 - (4) Graafian follicle

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- **198.** The Adenosine deaminase deficiency results into:
 - (1) Parkinson's disease
 - (2) Digestive disorder
 - (3) Addison's disease
 - (4) Dysfunction of Immune system
- **199.** Which one of the following statements about Histones is **wrong**?
 - (1) The pH of histones is slightly acidic.
 - (2) Histones are rich in amino acids Lysine and Arginine.
 - (3) Histones carry positive charge in the side chain.
 - (4) Histones are organized to form a unit of 8 molecules.
- **200.** Identify the types of cell junctions that help to stop the leakage of the substances across a tissue and facilitation of communication with neighbouring cells via rapid transfer of ions and molecules.
 - (1) Tight junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.
 - (2) Adhering junctions and Tight junctions, respectively.
 - (3) Adhering junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.
 - (4) Gap junctions and Adhering junctions, respectively.

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26 Space For Rough Work





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28 Space For Rough Work